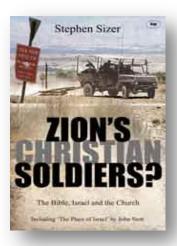
Seven Biblical Answers to Popular Zionist Assumptions

1. God blesses those who bless Israel and curses those who curse Israel

This popular assumption is based on Genesis 12:3. It shows how vital it is to let Scripture interpret Scripture. First, the original promise was made to Abram (that is, Abraham) and no one else. Second, there is nothing in the text to indicate God intended the promise to apply to Abraham's physical descendants unconditionally, or in perpetuity. Third, in the New Testament we are told explicitly that the promises were fulfilled in Jesus Christ and in those who acknowledge Him as their Lord and Saviour. God's blessings come by grace through faith, not by works or race (Ephesians 2:8-9).



Promise	Fulfilment
"I will make you into a great nation, and I will bless	The promises were spoken to Abraham and to his
you; I will make your name great, and you will be a	seed. Scripture does not say "and to seeds,"
blessing. I will bless those who bless you, and whoever	meaning many people, but "and to your seed,"
curses you I will curse; and all peoples on earth will be	meaning one person, who is Christ There is
blessed through you" (Genesis 12:2-3).	neither Jew nor Gentile, neither slave nor free,
"I will surely bless you and make your descendants as	neither male nor female, for you are all one in
numerous as the stars in the sky and as the sand on the	Christ Jesus. If you belong to Christ, then you are
seashore and through your seed all nations on earth	Abraham's seed, and heirs according to the
will be blessed" (Genesis 22:17-18)	promise." (Galatians 3:16, 28-29)

2. The Jewish people are God's "chosen people"

The assumption that the Jewish people are God's "chosen people" is so deeply ingrained, to question it sounds heretical or anti-Semitic. Yet both Hebrew and Christian Scriptures insist membership of God's people is open to all races on the basis of grace through faith in Jesus Christ. In Isaiah 56, we see the Lord anticipate and repudiate the rise of an exclusive Israeli nationalism. In the New Testament the term "chosen" is used exclusively of the followers of Jesus, irrespective of race (See also Ephesians 2:14-16 and Colossians 3:11-12 concerning the unity of God's people).

Old Testament	New Testament
"Do not despise an Edomite, for the Edomites are related to you. Do not despise an Egyptian, because you resided as foreigners in their country. The third generation of children born to them may enter the assembly of the LORD." (Deuteronomy 23:7-8)	"A person is not a Jew who is one only outwardly, nor is circumcision merely outward and physical. No, a person is a Jew who is one inwardly; and circumcision is circumcision of the heart, by the Spirit, not by the written code. Such a person's praise is not from other people, but from God." (Romans 2:28-29)
"I will record Rahab and Babylon among those who acknowledge me— Philistia too, and Tyre, along with Cush— and will say, 'This one was born in Zion.'" Indeed, of Zion it will be said, "This one and that one were born in her, and the Most High himself will establish her." The LORD will write in the register of the peoples: "This one was born in Zion." (Psalm 87:4-6)	"It is not as though God's word had failed. For not all who are descended from Israel are Israel. Nor because they are his descendants are they all Abraham's children. On the contrary, "It is through Isaac that your offspring will be reckoned." In other words, it is not the natural children who are God's children, but it is the children of the promise who are regarded as Abraham's offspring." (Romans 9:6-8)
"Let no foreigners who have bound themselves to the LORD say, "The LORD will surely exclude me from his people." And foreigners who bind themselves to the LORD to minister to him, to love the name of the LORD, and to be his servants who hold fast to my covenant—these I will bring to my holy mountain for my house will be called a house of prayer for all nations."" (Isaiah 56:3, 6-7)	"Here there is no Gentile or Jew, circumcised or uncircumcised, barbarian, Scythian, slave or free, but Christ is all, and is in all. Therefore, as God's chosen people, holy and dearly loved, clothe yourselves with compassion, kindness, humility, gentleness and patience." (Colossians 3:11-12 – see also 1 Peter 2:9-10)

3. The "Promised Land" was given by God to the Jewish people as an everlasting inheritance

Contrary to popular assumption, the Scriptures repeatedly insist that the land belongs to God and that residence is always conditional. For example, God said to his people, "'The land must not be sold permanently, because the land is mine and you reside in my land as foreigners and strangers." (Leviticus 25:23). In Ezekiel, it seems the Lord anticipated the reasoning of those who arrogantly claimed rights to the land because of the covenant originally made with Abraham.

"Son of man, the people living in those ruins in the land of Israel are saying, 'Abraham was only one man, yet he possessed the land. But we are many; surely the land has been given to us as our possession.' Therefore say to them, 'This is what the Sovereign LORD says: Since you eat meat with the blood still in it and look to your idols and shed blood, should you then possess the land? You rely on your sword, you do detestable things... Should you then possess the land?' ... I will make the land a desolate waste, and her proud strength will come to an end.' (Ezekiel 33:24-26,28-29)

The scriptures insist, residence was open to all God's people on the basis of faith not race. Indeed, the writer to Hebrews explains that the land was never their ultimate desire or inheritance any way. The land was only ever intended as a temporary residence until the coming of Jesus Christ. Our shared eternal inheritance is heavenly not earthly.

Old Testament Command	New Testament Explanation
"You are to distribute this land among	"By faith he made his home in the promised land like a stranger in a
yourselves according to the tribes of	foreign country; he lived in tents, as did Isaac and Jacob, who were
Israel. You are to allot it as an	heirs with him of the same promise. For he was looking forward to
inheritance for yourselves and for the	the city with foundations, whose architect and builder is God These
foreigners residing among you and	were all commended for their faith, yet none of them received what
who have children. You are to consider	had been promised, since God had planned something better for us so
them as native-born Israelites; along	that only together with us would they be made perfect."
with you they are to be allotted an	(Hebrews 11:9-10; 39-40)
inheritance among the tribes of Israel.	"the mystery of Christ, which was not made known to people in
In whatever tribe a foreigner resides,	other generations as it has now been revealed by the Spirit to God's
there you are to give them their	holy apostles and prophets. This mystery is that through the gospel
inheritance," declares the Sovereign	the Gentiles are heirs together with Israel, members together of one
LORD." (Ezekiel 47:21-23)	body, and sharers together in the promise in Christ Jesus."
	(Ephesians 3:4-6)

4. Jerusalem is the exclusive and undivided, eternal capital of the Jewish people

The Christian Zionist assertion that God intended Jerusalem to be the exclusive and undivided eternal capital of the Jewish people has no basis whatsoever in Scripture. As we have already seen, God insists in Psalm 87 that Jerusalem must be a shared and inclusive city. Nations specifically mentioned as having residence rights include those living in what is today, Egypt, Iran and Lebanon. Even the hated Philistines are mentioned as "...born in Zion" on the basis of faith not race. Likewise, the vision of Isaiah 2 associates Jerusalem with the end of war, with peace and reconciliation between the nations.

"In the last days the mountain of the LORD's temple will be established as the highest of the mountains; it will be exalted above the hills, and all nations will stream to it. Many peoples will come and say, "Come, let us go up to the mountain of the LORD, to the house of the God of Jacob. He will teach us his ways, so that we may walk in his paths." (Isaiah 2:2-3)

The Old Testament vision of Jerusalem is of an international, shared, inclusive city of faith, hope and love. But what of Luke 21:24, "Jerusalem will be trampled on by the Gentiles until the times of the Gentiles are fulfilled"? Many Zionists like to think this prophecy came true in 1967. This is problematic since, Revelation 11:2 says the Gentile 'trampling' of Jerusalem would last only '42 months'. The context of Luke 21 shows Jesus was referring to the events of 70AD and God's sovereign use of foreign tyrants to fulfil his purposes (see Isaiah 63:3-6 for the meaning of 'trampling'). It is more likely Jesus means deliverance will come at his return and not before. The focus of the New Testament instead moves away from the earthly Jerusalem toward the new, heavenly Jerusalem as the home of all who trust in Jesus (Hebrews 12:22-23; Revelation 21:2; 22-27).

5. The Jewish Temple must be rebuilt before Jesus returns

Prophecy pundits like to quote Daniel 9 and Matthew 24 to suggest a future temple will be built and desecrated by the anti-Christ, before Jesus returns to Jerusalem in order to set up his kingdom.

The only problem is, Christian Zionists require a 2,000 year gap between Daniel 9:26 and 9:27 and between Jesus' words in Matthew 24:1-2 and 24:15-16 in order to explain why, after the destruction of the temple in 70AD, another temple is needed. But there is absolutely nothing in either text, or anywhere else in Scripture, to suggest a gap of 2,000 years, or that a future temple is predicted, let alone needed. Just the reverse - the old temple was declared redundant the moment Jesus died on the cross when the curtain was torn in two from top to bottom (Hebrews 1:3; 10:1-3, 11). The true and lasting temple is revealed to be the Lord Jesus himself and his followers.

John 2:19-21	Ephesians 2:19-21
"Jesus answered them, "Destroy this temple,	"Consequently, you are no longer foreigners and strangers,
and I will raise it again in three days." They	but fellow citizens with God's people and also members of his
replied, "It has taken forty-six years to build	household, built on the foundation of the apostles and
this temple, and you are going to raise it in	prophets, with Christ Jesus himself as the chief cornerstone.
three days?" But the temple he had spoken of	In him the whole building is joined together and rises to
was his body."	become a holy temple in the Lord."

The true temple, therefore, is under construction. Quoting Old Testament temple imagery, the Apostle Peter writes, "you also, like living stones, are being built into a spiritual house to be a holy priesthood, offering spiritual sacrifices acceptable to God through Jesus Christ." (1 Peter 2:5-7)

6. Believers will soon be 'raptured' to heaven before the 'end-time' battle of Armageddon

The rapture is a popular idea that Jesus will actually return twice: first of all secretly, to rescue true believers out of the world, then later visibly with his saints to judge the world. There is, again, no basis in Scripture for this novel idea. The Bible is emphatic: the return of Jesus will be personal, sudden, public, visible and glorious.

Matthew 24:30-31	1 Thessalonians 4:16-17
"At that time the sign of the Son of Man will appear in	"For the Lord himself will come down from heaven,
the sky, and all the peoples of the earth[a] will mourn.	with a loud command, with the voice of the archangel
They will see the Son of Man coming on the clouds of	and with the trumpet call of God, and the dead in Christ
heaven, with power and great glory. And he will send	will rise first. After that, we who are still alive and are
his angels with a loud trumpet call, and they will	left will be caught up together with them in the clouds
gather his elect from the four winds, from one end of	to meet the Lord in the air. And so we will be with the
the heavens to the other."	Lord forever."

The idea of a secret rapture is actually based on a misreading of Matthew 24:40-41 and Luke 17:34-35 where Jesus warns that one person will be taken and the other left behind. Rapture proponents insist it is the believers who will be taken and that unbelievers left behind. However, in the parable of the wheat and the tares in Matthew 13, Jesus provides the key to interpreting the later parable, "Let both grow together until the harvest. At that time I will tell the harvesters: First collect the weeds and tie them in bundles to be burned; then gather the wheat and bring it into my barn." (Matthew 13:30). So it will be unbelievers who are 'taken' first and believers who are 'left behind' to be with Christ.

However we understand the ambiguous apocalyptic language of Matthew 24, or Revelation, about the future, we must hold on to the clear promises of Jesus. He will never leave us nor forsake us (John 10:27-30; 14:14-27). The biblical vision of the future is of paradise restored and healing of the nations.

"Then the angel showed me the river of the water of life, as clear as crystal, flowing from the throne of God and of the Lamb down the middle of the great street of the city. On each side of the river stood the tree of life, bearing twelve crops of fruit, yielding its fruit every month. And the leaves of the tree are for the healing of the nations." (Revelation 22:1-2)

Our mandate is to be peacemakers not widow makers (Matthew 5:3-10). We are 'God's co-workers' entrusted as ambassadors with a ministry of reconciliation not speculation (2 Corinthians 5:11-6:2).

7. God has a separate plan for the Jewish people apart from the Church

Christian Zionists typically believe that God has a continuing covenant with Israel, separate from the Church. They usually base this on passages like Romans 9-11, although they invariably ignore the context. In Romans 2:28-29, for example, the Apostle Paul defines the word 'Jew'.

"A person is not a Jew who is one only outwardly, nor is circumcision merely outward and physical. No, a person is a Jew who is one inwardly; and circumcision is circumcision of the heart, by the Spirit, not by the written code. Such a person's praise is not from other people, but from God." (Romans 2:28-29)

That is why in Romans 9, the term 'Israel' is limited to those who acknowledge the Lord Jesus.

"It is not as though God's word had failed. For not all who are descended from Israel are Israel. Nor because they are his descendants are they all Abraham's children. On the contrary, "It is through Isaac that your offspring will be reckoned." In other words, it is not the natural children who are God's children, but it is the children of the promise who are regarded as Abraham's offspring." (Romans 9:6-8)

In the letter to the Philippians, Paul explicitly identifies the church as the true 'circumcision' (Phil. 3:3). This is entirely consistent with the Old Testament, where, as we have already seen, citizenship of Israel was open to all 'those who acknowledge me' (Psalm 87:4). And here is the clue to understanding Romans 9-11. Of course God has not rejected the Jewish people. His covenant purpose for them, as with every other race, has always been 'that they may be saved' (Romans 10:1), to create one people for himself, made of both Jews and Gentiles (Romans 11:26). God's covenant purposes are fulfilled only in and through Jesus Christ. This is most fully explained in Ephesians 2.

"Therefore, remember that formerly you who are Gentiles by birth and called "uncircumcised" by those who call themselves "the circumcision" ... remember that at that time you were separate from Christ, excluded from citizenship in Israel and foreigners to the covenants of the promise, without hope and without God in the world. But now in Christ Jesus you who once were far away have been brought near by the blood of Christ. For he himself is our peace, who has made the two one and has destroyed the barrier, the dividing wall of hostility, by setting aside in his flesh the law with its commands and regulations. His purpose was to create in himself one new humanity out of the two, thus making peace, and in one body to reconcile both of them to God through the cross, by which he put to death their hostility." (Ephesians 2: 11-16)

The following passages show that there is a harmony between God's purposes for his Old Testament saints and for his New Testament saints – a clear continuity between Israel and the Church.

Israel: The Church in the Old Testament	The Body of Christ: The Church in the New Testament
Righteous live by faithfulness (Habakkuk 2:4)	Righteous live by faith (Romans 1:17)
Holy people (Deuteronomy 7:6; 33:3; Numbers 16:3)	Holy people (Ephesians 1:1; Romans 1:7)
Chosen (Deuteronomy 7:6; 14:2)	Chosen (Colossians 3:12; Titus 1:1)
Called (Isaiah 41:9; 2 Chronicles 7:14)	Called (Romans 1:6-7; 1 Corinthians 1:2)
Assembly (Psalm 1:5; 89:5; 149:1)	Assembly (Acts 7:38; 20:28; Hebrews 2:12)
'Church' = Assembly in Greek (Micah 2:5)	Church (Matthew 16:18; 18:17; Ephesians 2:20)
Flock (Ezekiel 34:2, 7; Psalm 77:20)	Flock (Luke 12:32; Acts 20:28)
Holy nation (Exodus 19:6)	Holy nation (1 Peter 2:9)
Treasured possession (Exodus 19:5)	Special possession (1 Peter 2:9)
Kingdom of priests (Exodus 19:6)	Royal priesthood (1 Peter 2:9)
Children of God (Hosea 1:10)	Children of God (John 1:12)
People of God (Hosea 2:23)	People of God (1 Peter 2:10)
People of his inheritance (Deuteronomy 4:20)	Glorious inheritance (Ephesians 1:18)
My dwelling place = tabernacle (Lev. 26:11; Ezekiel 37:27)	Dwelling among us = tabernacle (John 1:14; 2 Corinthians 6:16)
I will walk among you (Leviticus 26:12; Jeremiah 32:38)	I will walk among them (2 Corinthians 6:16-17)
God is a husband betrothed (Isa. 54:5; Jer. 3:14; Hos. 2:19)	Christ is a husband betrothed (2 Cor. 11:2; Ephesians 5:25-30)
Twelve tribes (Genesis 49:28; Revelation 21:12)	Twelve Apostles (Mark 3:14; Revelation 21:14)

The most important question to reflect on is this: Does the New Testament teach that the coming of the Lord Jesus was the fulfilment or the postponement of God's purposes for the Jewish people?

This study can be <u>downloaded</u> and is based on Stephen Sizer's book, <u>Zion's Christian Soldiers: The Bible</u> <u>Israel and the Church</u> (IVP). A more comprehensive <u>Bible study guide</u> can be downloaded from the website <u>www.withgodonourside.com</u> Additional resources can be found at <u>www.stephensizer.com</u>